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SEMESTER END THEORY EXAMINATION
B.Sc. (Hons.)-Agriculture/Horticulture/Forestry/ABM/Bio-Tech

Semester :	I (New)	Term :	I	Academic Year:	2021-22
Course No.:	DEG 111/CNC 111	Title :	Democracy, Elections and Good Governance		
Credits :	1(1+0)				
Day & Date	21.11.2021	Time :	4.00-5.00	Total Marks:	40 (Forty)

NOTE: 1. Solve **ANY FOUR** questions from **SECTION "A"**
2. Solve **ANY SIX** questions from **SECTION "B"**
3. All questions from **SECTION "C"** are compulsory.
4. Send the PDF file of answer sheet to the email id of respective course teacher.

SECTION "A"

(Write the answers in 4-5 sentences only. Each question carries 4 marks.)

- Q.1 State the difference between direct and representative democracy.
Q.2 Describe in short the salient features of 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Act.
Q.3 State the basic challenges before Indian democracy.
Q.4 Describe the crucial role and powers of Election Commission of India.
Q.5 State the role and activities of citizen as an individual to enhance the local electoral process.


SECTION "B"

(Write the answers in one sentence only. Each question carries 2 marks.)

- Q.6 a) What do you mean by Fundamental Rights?
b) State the meaning of Sovereign.
c) Define Election.
d) State any two characteristics of good governance.
e) State any two fundamental rights of Indian Constitution.
f) Define the process of decentralization.
g) Mention two important advantage of Electronic Voting Machine.

SECTION-C

(Choose the correct option. Each question carries 1 mark.)

- Q.7 1) The Prime Minister is the leader of the executive of Govt and chief advisor of ;
a) The President of India b) The Parliament of India
c) State Election Commission d) None of the above.
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- 2) The above symbol indicates;
a) NOTA b) EVM
c) EC d) ETPB
- 3) For Lok Sabha elections the country is divided into _____ constituencies
a) 435 b) 543
c) 288 d) 345
- 4) The State legislature of Maharashtra has _____ members in the Vidhan Sabha.
a) 282 b) 288
c) 543 d) 182

- 5) The important functions of Lok Sabha includes;
a) Legislatives & control over executives b) Financial, Electoral & Judicial
c) Both a & b. d) None of the above.
- 6) Zilla Parishad generates its source of income from _____.
a) Taxes on water and markets b) Fixed grant from the State Government
c) Both a & b d) Neither a or b
- 7) Political parties are allotted different symbols for a basic reason of;
a) Party promotion b) Attracting voters
c) Display of power d) None of these.
- 8) The Election Commission Amendment Act _____ made the commission a
Multimember body.
a) 1889 b) 1989
c) 1919 d) 1998
- 9) Postal voting in India is done only through the _____ of Election Commission of
India.
a) EVC b) NOTA
c) ETPB d) EC
- 10) Prohibition of discrimination on ground of religion, race, caste, sex, or place of
birth is an important part of fundamental right;
a) Right to equality b) Right to freedom
c) Right against exploitation d) Right of freedom of religion.
- 11) In India Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the Chairman of Drafting Committee of the
Constitution strongly advocated for;
a) Political Democracy b) Economic Democracy
c) Social Democracy d) All of the above.
- 12) The most common departments of Panchayat Samitee includes;
a) Women & child development b) Health & Education
c) Social Welfare d) All of the above