DR PANJABRAO DESHMUKH KRUSHI VIDYAPEETH, AKOLA

SEMESTER END EXAMINATION

B. Sc. (Hons) Horticulture

Semester : III (NEW) Term : II Academic Year : 2021-22

Course No : H/BIOT 231 Title : Elementary Plant Biotechnology

Credits : (1+1)

Day & Date : Monday, Time : 12.00 to 1.00 Total Marks : 40

25/04/2022

Note: 1. Solve ANY FOUR questions from section "A".

2. Solve ANY SIX questions from section "B".

3. All questions from Section "C" are compulsory.

SECTION "A"

(Write the answers in 4-5 sentences only. Each question carries 4 marks)

- **Q.1** Enlist different methods of gene transfer.
- **Q.2** Enlist different types of molecular markers
- Q.3 Give advantages of Pollen culture over Anther Culture
- **Q.4** Why meristem is free from virus?
- Q.5 Discus in brief various stages of micropropagation

SECTION "B"

(Write the answers in one sentence only. Each question carries 2 marks)

Q.11 Answer in one sentence/Do as directed

- a) Name any two methods used to eliminate viruses from plants
- b) Define transgene
- c) Give Scientific contribution of Laibach
- d) Give Scientific Contribution of Skoog & Miller
- e) Give Scientific contribution of Maheshwari and Guha
- f) Define Somatic hybridization
- g) What is rhizogenesis?
- h) What is cryopreservation?

SECTION C

Q.12 Choose correct option. Each question carry 1 mark

- 1 Protoplast fusion can be achieved by which of the following agents?
 - a) Polyethylene glycol.

b) Glycerol.

c) Ethylene.

- d) Nitrogen.
- 2 Preservation of germplasm in the frozen state is termed as _
 - a) cryoprectectant.

o) cryopreservation.

c) preservation.

d) storage.

Page 1 of 2

3	is a plant cell without cell wall.				
	a)	tropoplast.	b)	protoplast.	
	c)	chloroplast.	d)	chromoplast.	
4.	Virus free plants can be obtained through				
	a)	Anitibiotic treatment	b)	Root tip culture	
	c)	Bordeaux mixture	d)	Shoot tip culture	
5.	Who isolated protoplast enzymatically?				
	a)	Klercker.	b)	Kuster.	
	c)	Cocking.	d)	Power.	
6.	$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{t}$	ransgenic organism has			
	a)	genes that other organisms do not.	b)	genes from different species	
	c)	a dominant phenotype	d)	had its genome sequenced.	
7.	Car	ulogenesis is the formation of			
	a)	Roots	b)	Leaves	
	c)	Shoots	d)	Flowers	
8.		were responsible to recognize the regulatory mechanism as a balance			
	between auxin and cytokinin.				
	a)	Maheshwari and Guha	b)	Skoog and Miller	
	c)	Mxam and Gilbert	d)	None of these	
9.	Small excised portion of the is used to produce mass of cells.				
	a)	callus	b)	Explant	
	c)	single cell	d)	fragments	
10.	is required for root formation.				
	a)	Gibberrellin	b)	Auxin.	
	c)	Cytokinin.	d)	Ethylene.	
11.	2, 4-D is used for culture.				
	a)	callus.	b)	organ.	
	c)	anther.	d)	pollen	
12.					
	a)	meristem	b)	pollen	
	c)	embryo	d)	suspension	

Page **2** of **2**