# MAHARASHTRA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITIES EXAMINATION BOARD, PUNE SEMESTER END THEORY EXAMINATION

# B.Sc.(Hons.) Agriculture

Semester	: IV (New)	Term : Second Academic Year :	2021-22	
Course No.	: ENTO 243		: Pest of Horticultural Crops and their	
Credits	: 2 (1+1)	Management		
Day & Date	: Monday, 19.09.2	22 Time : 14:00 to 16:00 hrs Total Ma	rks : 40	

Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION 'A'.

- 2. All questions from SECTION 'B' are compulsory.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.

#### SECTION 'A'

- Q.1 Comment on the scientific name, identification mark, typical damage symptoms and management practices for citrus fruit sucking moth.
- Q.2 Enlist the major pests of mango with their scientific names. Describe the nature of damage and management practices for mango mealy bugs.
- Q.3 Give the scientific name, site of oviposition, nature of damage and management practices for red palm weevil.
- Q.4 Write in brief about the damaging stage(s) and nature of damage of (Any Two):
  - a) Grape flea beetle (Udadya beetle)
- b) Papaya mealy bug

- c) Banana aphid
- Q.5 Write down about the site of oviposition, site of pupation, damaging state and the nature of damage (Any Two):
  - a) Sapota leaf webber (Chiku moth)
- b) Ber fruit fly
- c) Pomegranate fruit borer (Anar caterpillar)
- Q.6 Give a brief account of brinjal shoot and fruit borer on site of pupation, nature of damage, management practices and host plants.
- Q.7 Comment on the typical damaging symptoms of chilli thrips and mites. Write in brief about the integrated management of chilli thrips and mites.
- Q.8 Mention the scientific name, host plants, nature of damage and management practices for diamond back moth (DBM).
- Q.9 Write short notes on (Any Two):
  - a) Okra shoot and fruit borer
- b) Tomato fruit borer

- c) Sweet potato weevil
- Q.10 a) Define Nematology. Enlist the major plant parasitic nematodes of agricultural and horticultural crops with their scientific names.
  - b) Mention the damaging stages of turmeric rhizome fly and rose thrips.

(P.T.O.)

#### SECTION 'B'

## Q.11 Answer in one sentence:

- 1) Site of oviposition of spiraling whitefly.
- 2) Site of pupation of rhinoceros beetle.
- 3) Order of mustard sawfly.
- 4) Host plants of Helopeltis antonii (H. theivora).

## Q.12 State True or False:

- 1) Blue colour sticky traps can be used for the management of onion thrips.
- 2) Zinc phosphide is used for the management of snails.
- 3) Australian ladybird beetle, Cryptolaemus montrouzieri is an effective predator against mealy bugs.
- 4) Methyl eugenol is used as an attractant for the monitoring and management of Erias vitella.

