## MAHARASHTRA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITIES EXAMINATION BOARD, PUNE SEMESTER END THEORY EXAMINATION

## **B.Sc.**(Hons.) Agriculture

Semester	III (New) Term : First Academic Year : 2023-24			
Course No.	GPB 232 Title : Fundamentals of Plant Breeding			
Credits	2 (1+1)			
Day & Date	: Wednesday, 13.12.2023 Time : 9:00 to 11:00 hrs. Total Marks : 40			
Note:	Note: 1. Solve ANY EIGHT questions from SECTION 'A'.			
	<ol> <li>All questions from SECTION 'B' are compulsory.</li> <li>All questions carry equal marks.</li> <li>Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.</li> </ol>			

## SECTION 'A'

- Q.1 Define self incompatibility, classify it and explain its utilization in plant breeding.
- Q.2 Write short notes on (Any Two):
  - a) Transgenic Male Sterility (TrGMS)
  - b) Landmark achievements in Plant Breeding
  - c) Heritability
- Q.3 What is panmictic population? Explain Hardy-Weinberg Law and factors affecting gene frequency in population.
- Q.4 Enlist different breeding methods of self and cross pollinated crops.
- Q.5 Define heterosis. Enlist different theories of heterosis and explain overdominance hypothesis of heterosis.
- Q.6 Differentiate between the following (Any Two):
  - a) Cytoplasmic male sterility (CMS) and Cytoplasmic-genic male sterility (CGMS)
  - b) Pedigree method and Backcross method
  - c) Mass selection and Pure line selection
- Q.7 What is wide hybridization? Describe applications of wide hybridization in crop improvement.
- Q.8 a) Give the characteristic features of mutation.
  - b) What is clone? Give the various characteristics of clone.
- Q.9 Define an euploid. Describe in brief the types of an euploid.
- Q.10 What is synthetic variety? Discuss the various operations involved in production of synthetic variety.

(P.T.O.)

## SECTION 'B'

Q.11	a) Spell out the following abbreviations:			
	D CIMMYT	2) NBPGR		
	b) Give the contribution of the following Scientists:			
	1) C.T. Patel	2) Comstock, Robinson and Harvey		
Q.12	Fill in the blanks:			
	<ol> <li>method is called as evolutionary method of breeding.</li> <li>Wheat dwarfing gene Rht1 encodes proteins that repress transcription of gibberellin responsive genes.</li> </ol>			
	inbred lines (RILs).	particularly suited for developing populations of recombinant		
	4) is used as t	ester in Recurrent Selection for SCA (RSSCA).		